



NEES Project

Natural Energy Efficiency and Sustainability

Combating Climate Change by Natural Building

Templepatrick 17.10.13



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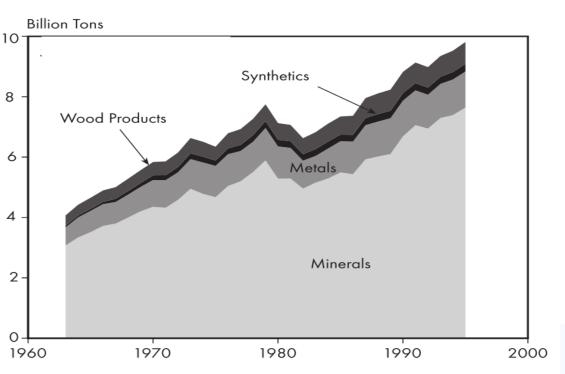




Life cycle of buildings accounts for 40% of total global energy (1)

Material Resource

World Materials Production, 1963–95

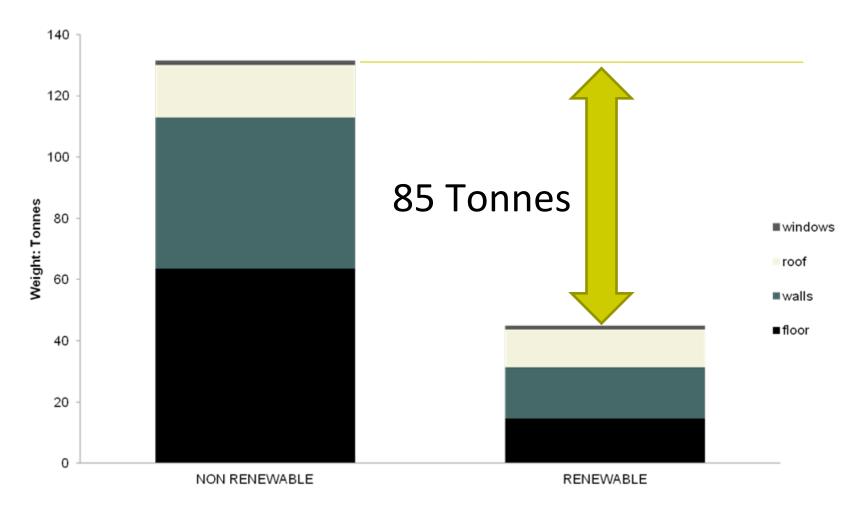


In Europe
Construction
accounts for
4.8 tonnes of
mineral extraction
per person
per annum (2)





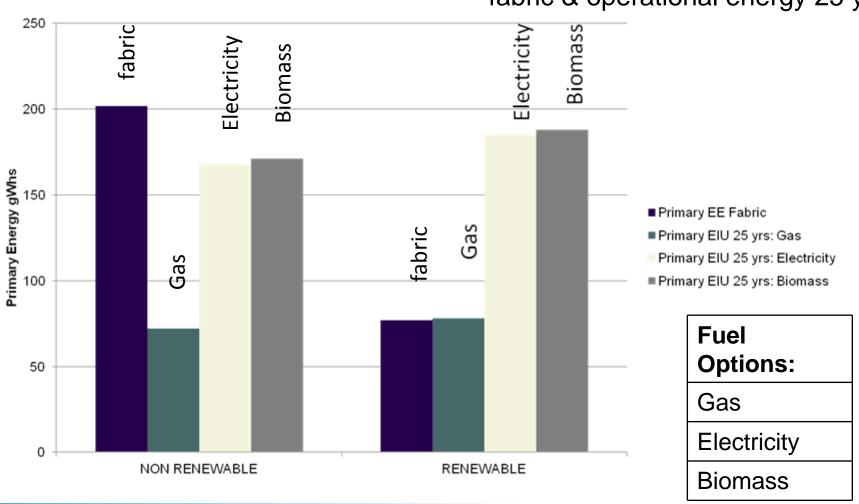
Weight Comparison







Embodied Energy Comparison fabric & operational energy 25 yrs

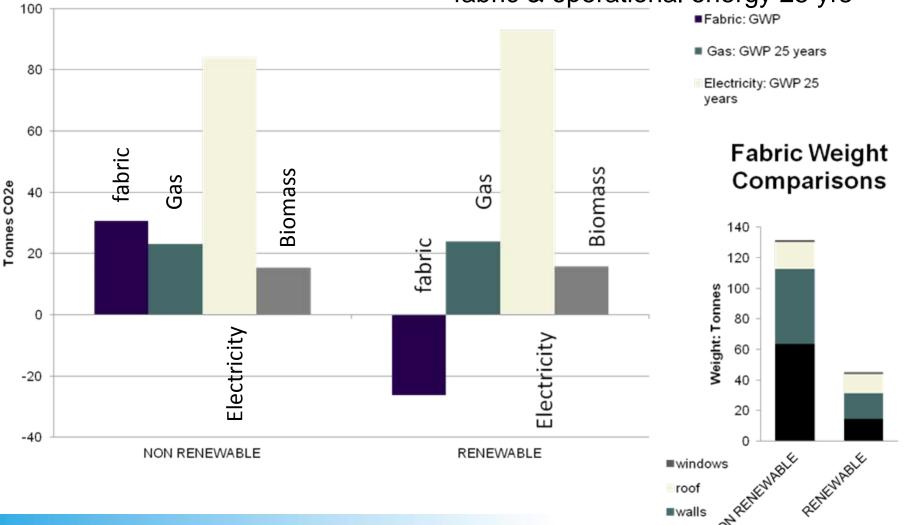


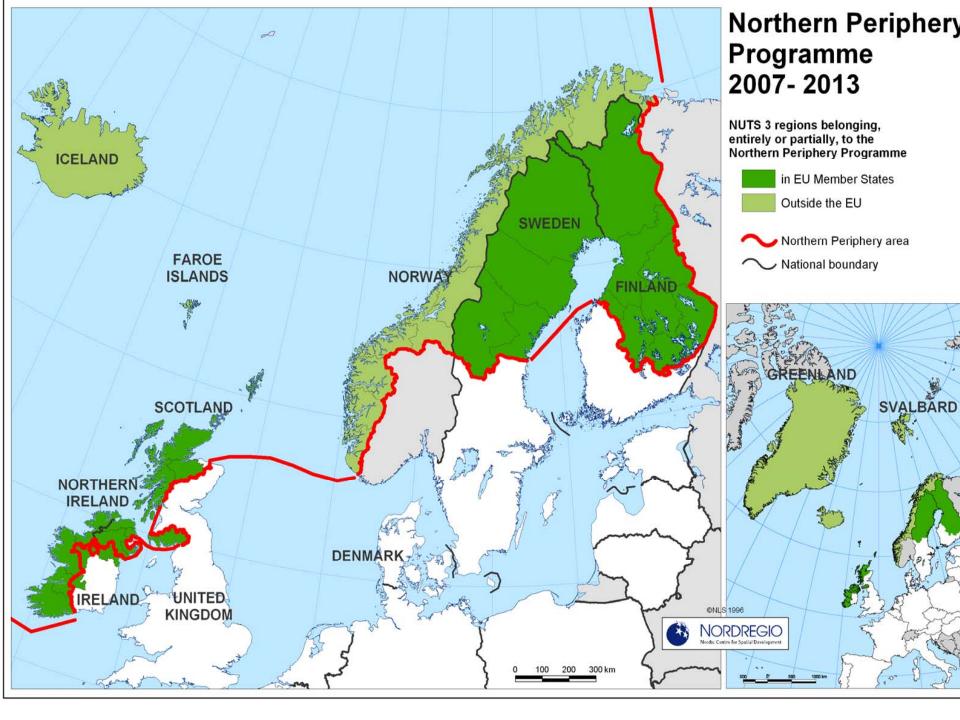




Global Warming Potential Comparison fabric & operational energy 25 yrs

■floor













Umeå University























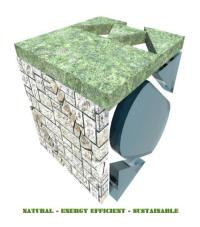






NEES Mission

Identify and promote products and services that improve energy efficiency in existing domestic buildings, that make use primarily of renewable or recycled materials and of services based on natural processes, which originate or are normally accessible in the Northern Periphery Programme Region, and have the potential for being mainstreamed and commercially disseminated inside and outside the region.







NEES Work Programme 2011 - 2014

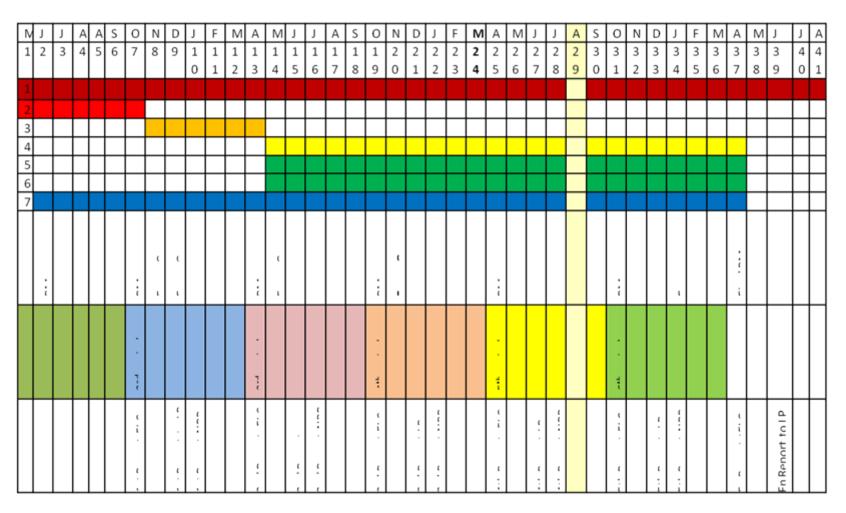
- WP1 Project Management Cork Centre for Architectural Education (CCAE), Ireland
- WP2 Determining Products, Services,
 Opportunities and Barriers Glasgow
 Caledonian University (GCU), Scotland.
- WP3 Benchmarking Best Practices University of Umea, Sweden.
- WP4 Exchange of Best Practices and Long Term Strategy – University of Ulster, Northern Ireland.
- **WP5 Pilot Project** South Kerry Development Partnership (SKDP), Ireland.
- WP6 Training and Support Arctic Technology Centre (ARTEK), Greenland.
- WP7 Dissemination University of Umea, Sweden







Work Schedule









WP1 Project Management

- 6 Full Partner meetings
- Local Meetings
- Skype Meetings
- 8 Study Visits
- 2 in Cork
- 2 in Umea
- 1 in Co. Down,
- 2 in Clairemorris,
- 1 in Sisimut)









WP2 Identifying Best Practice NEES criteria for benchmarking Best Practices

Resource Efficiency

energy efficiency, waste reduction, ease of working and maintenance, local availability, processing and disposal at end of life.

Environment and health

environmental impact, global warming potential, hazardous and polluting potential, impact on health, impact in biodiversity.

Sustainability

longer term sustainability of supply and distribution networks, 'bioregionalism', regional architecture, compliance with conservation legislation..

Enterprise

Market issues, including costs of installation and maintenance, current turnover of the company / organisation, and the status of any existing competitors.

Scalability

future market potential of products and services in light of current opportunities or barriers to achieving a greater market share, likely benefits of promoting the product or service through NEES.



Natural Energy Efficiency and Sustainability (NEES)

Best Practice in Products and Services

Trading name of product / service: Ecocel

Type of product / service: Cellulose Fibre insulation manufactured in Cork from locally sourced recycled newspapers and paper.

Countries product / service is available in : Ireland

Contact name: John Egan

Address: Unit K8, Marina Commercial park.

Tel.: 00353 (0) 21 4324567 mobile 00353 (0) 87 2584487

Email: john@ecocel.ie

Website: www.ecocel.ie

Disclaimer

Information provided in these pages are provided by the manufacturers and service providers. Please note, however, that your selection as NEES Best Practice cannot imply the Project's or Partner's endorsement of Products or Services provided by the selected Best Practise enterprises, but is a recognition of the standards achieved on the basis of evaluation of the information provided. We will be recommending to prospective users of products or services that they take independent professional advice to ensure that the product or service is appropriate to their project and region.







Northern Programme





NEES criteria for benchmarking Best Practices

2007-2013

- **EcoCel (Cork)** recycled cellulose multipurpose insulation.
- http://www.ecocel.ie
- Green Roofs Ireland (Cork) Soil and sedum insulating roofs and walls.
- http://www.greenroofsireland.co.uk
- FH Wetland Systems (Galway) integrated constructed wetlands for water treatment.
- http://www.wetlandsystems.ie
- Mud and Wood (Sligo) training on the use of cob and other natural materials for construction. http://www.mudandwood.com
- Advanced Timbercraft (Northern Ireland) Construction company specialised in the use of timber for construction. http://www.advancedtimbercraft.com
- Locate Architects (Scotland) architectural; practice specialising in the use of timber and other natural materials.

http://www.locatearchitects.co.uk/practice.htm

NEES Best Practice L + cate

WP2 Identifying Best Practice



Dunblane, Scotland

Locate Architects

www.locatearchitects.co.uk

Urras Oighreachd Ghabhsainn (The Glason Estate Trust) www.galsontrust.com

Natural

The building uses a Scottish-sourced timber frame without chemical preservatives, and organic painted timber cladding in preference to the cement rendered concrete block normally used on the Isle. The insulation used (lots of it!) is hemp and we used natural paints throughout. Scottish linoleum was used in preference to vinyl, and in other areas good quality hardwood was used to discourage the laying of carpetswhich are bad for health as well as the planet.



Energy Efficient

building with high levels of insulation, thermal-bridge-free detailing and good airtightness. The building was the very first ever to be tested on the islands and achieved an excellent 0.77 m2/hr/ the building is warm and comfortable with very little expenditure of energy. What heat is seeded is delivered from an underfloor system fed by a ground source heat pump, powered by wind turbine, so the building is broadly carbon-neutral in heating terms. Whilst the wind is ised positively to harness electricity, the building form, inspired by older vernacular buildings, ases a clipped and hipped roof form to reduce heat loss and strain from the powerful prevailing

Very few natural materials are now available on the islands, so where possible and iffordable we sourced natural materials from Scotland and UK. The whole building has been designed with the principles of 'Design for Deconstruction' in mind so that most waste is designed out at source. The building design allows for alterations and the replacement of pullding components with minimal disruption, which also reduces waste during issioned by a community group who have led the community buyout of the estate and set about improving conditions and the economic situation for this remote and rural area. The building provides a hub for the organisation and local community and is at the centre of a raft of other improvements including a large, proposed wind farm scheduled f



Contact Locate

(+44) 1786 825 111









WP3 Benchmarking Best Practices Developed NEES 5 point evaluation criteria

- Ecological Architecture(Scotland)
 architectural practise specialising in the use of local timber and other natural materials
 http://www.ecological-architecture.co.uk
- Enviroglass (Scotland) Local community trust manufacturing paving elements from recycle glass locally sourced.
 http://www.enviroglass.co.uk
- Inzievar Woodlands (Scotland) company managing local native woodland, and sawmill for timber construction.

http://www.scottishwood.co.uk/Inzievarold.html

 Martinsons Gluelam (Umea) – timer based construction element manufactured from wooden local timber glued together for strength.

http://www.martinsons.se/







WP3 Benchmarking Best Practices

Expert Panel to evaluate BPs' through 2 Public Calls. Identified 14 Best Practices to date (6 in Call 1 and 8 in Call 2)

 Martinsons Xlam (Umea) – timber based construction element manufactured from local timber glued across the grain for extra strength.

http://www.martinsons.se

- Masonite Beams (Umea) Timber based construction elements made from timber beams/posts and intermediate resin board cross member for strength.
 http://www.byggmagroup.se/dt_subfront.a spx?m=2339
- SWECO (Umea) major architectural practice specialising in construction in timber, including larger structure like bridges, office blocks.
 http://www.swecogroup.com/en/Sweco-group/Solutions/Buildings/
- The Hollies Centre for Sustainability (Cork) –
 training centre giving practical training and
 demonstration of use of natural materials in building,
 including straw bales and timber construction (Segal
 System) http://thehollies.ie/cob







WP5 – 9 Pilot Projects

3 completed Pilot Projects in

- Sisimut, Greenland (Blue House)
- West Cork, Ireland (Wooden House)
- Claremorris, Ireland (Mayfield Pizza Oven)
- 3 Pilot Projects in planning or progress
- Clairemorris, Ireland (Community Centre)
- Cloyne, Cork, Ireland (Parnell Cottage)
- Aran Island, Ireland.
- 4 more Pilot Projects proposed
- 2 in Umea, Sweden
- 2 in Aran Island , Galway, and Kerry, Ireland
- Methodology for Evaluation
- SKDP is tendering evaluation methodology for Pilot Projects based on the NEES 5 Criteria









A new home for Elixxchel Lily



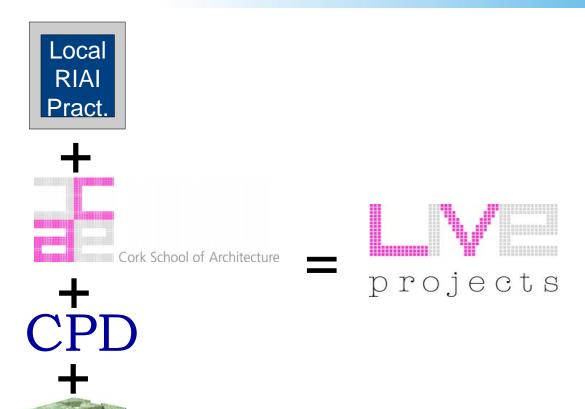






















What are projects?



projects







Relevance as an educational tool









Continual Professional Development Summer Student W'kshops

Actions

Specialists product seminar

Information session + participatory demonstration / workshop

CCAE
Facilitation & research









Continual Professional Development Summer Student W'kshops

Actions

Specialists product seminar

Information session + participatory demonstration / workshop

Diary of a building /
Furniture Team

Credits towards existing Modules CCAE
Facilitation & research



projects





Continual Professional Development Summer Student W'kshops

Specialists product seminar

Information session + participatory demonstration / workshop

Dissemination Team

record of site worksCCAE websiteopen access web publication

Actions

Diary of a building /
Furniture Team

Credits towards existing Modules CCAE
Facilitation 8
research



projects







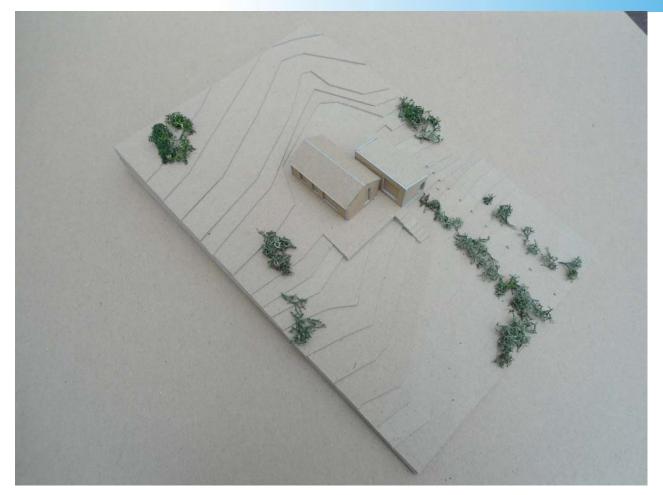
Historical Context











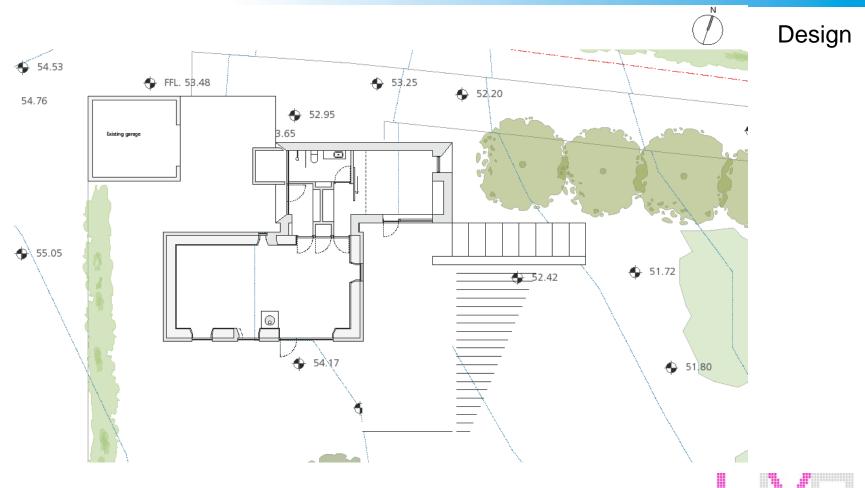
Design













projects





4 Key Priorities



1. Clarify NEES message

Natural materials and processes are more sustainable, help the environment, need less energy, produce less waste.

2. Consolidate the NEES approach

Web Site, BP information, Vocational Training Course and Manuals, Pilot Projects, etc.

3. Develop a sustainable model

Develop sustainable consultancy structure to allow NEES Principles to be applied to development projects

4. Mainstream and disseminate

Ensure that NEES approach continues, through Network and consultancy, new EU Projects.